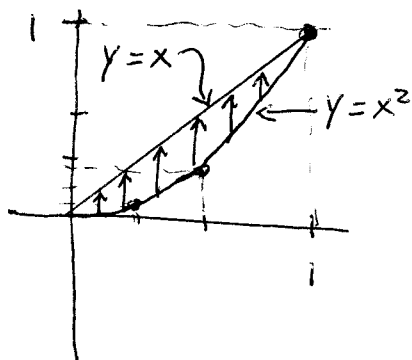


(1) (a)



$$\begin{aligned}
 (b) \quad \int_{x=0}^1 \int_{y=x^2}^x x y \, dy \, dx &= \int_{x=0}^1 x \left[\frac{y^2}{2} \right]_{y=x^2}^x \, dx \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \int_{x=0}^1 x [x^2 - x^4] \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^1 x^3 - x^5 \, dx = \frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{6} \right] \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left[\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \right] = \boxed{\frac{1}{24}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (2) \quad &\int_{x=0}^{\pi/2} \int_{y=0}^{\pi/2} \int_{z=0}^{\pi/2} \sin(x+y+z) \, dz \, dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_{x=0}^{\pi/2} \int_{y=0}^{\pi/2} \left. -\cos(x+y+z) \right|_{z=0}^{\pi/2} \, dy \, dx = \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{\pi/2} -\cos(x+y+\pi/2) + \cos(x+y) \, dy \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi/2} \left. [-\sin(x+y+\pi/2) + \sin(x+y)] \right|_{y=0}^{\pi/2} \, dx = \int_0^{\pi/2} -\sin(x+\pi) + \sin(x) + \sin(x+\pi/2) - \sin(x) \, dx \\
 &= \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(x+\pi/2) - \sin(x+\pi) \, dx = \left. [-\cos(x+\pi/2) + \cos(x+\pi)] \right|_{x=0}^{\pi/2} \\
 &= -\cos(\pi) + \cos(3\pi/2) + \cos(\pi/2) - \cos(\pi) = \boxed{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

③ We use cylindrical coordinates.

$$\begin{aligned} \iiint_V f dV &= \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} \int_{z=0}^1 \int_{r=0}^1 (r^2 + z^2) dr dz d\theta \\ &= \left[\int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} d\theta \right] \int_{z=0}^1 \int_{r=0}^1 (r^3 + rz^2) dr dz = \int_{z=0}^1 \left[\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{2} z^2 \right] dz \\ &= 2\pi \left(\frac{1}{4} + \frac{1}{6} \right) = \pi \left(\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} \right) = \boxed{\frac{5\pi}{6}} \end{aligned}$$

④ We will use spherical coordinates.

$$\begin{aligned} \iiint_V f dV &= \int_{\rho=0}^1 \int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} \int_{\varphi=0}^{\pi} \rho^2 (\rho^2 \sin \varphi) d\varphi d\theta d\rho \\ &= \left[\int_{\theta=0}^{2\pi} d\theta \right] \left[\int_{\varphi=0}^{\pi} \sin \varphi d\varphi \right] \left[\int_{\rho=0}^1 \rho^4 d\rho \right] \\ &= [2\pi] [2] \left[\frac{1}{5} \right] = \boxed{\frac{4\pi}{5}} \end{aligned}$$
