

**Final Exam**

*Tuesday, December 5, 2017  
11:00AM to 1:30PM*

This exam is closed book, but you may use calculators. Make sure your name is on all pages. Show all work, and show it in a logical and organized manner. Problems 1 and 2 are each worth 30 points, and problems 3 and 4 are each worth 20 points.

1. Consider  $y' + 9y = 18$ .

- (a) What is the equilibrium solution of this equation?
- (b) Is the equilibrium stable, unstable, or neither? Why?
- (c) Solve the initial value problem  $y' + 9y = 18$ ,  $y(0) = 1$ .
- (d) Does the solution of the above initial value problem approach the equilibrium solution? If so, for what value of the independent variable does the solution become within 10% of the equilibrium?

2. In a spring-mass-damper system, A mass of 5 kilograms is hung from a spring, with a damper attached. In a separate experiment, it takes 2.5 Newtons to stretch the spring 10 centimeters. When the damper was tested, 10 Newtons of force was measured when the damper was moving 1 meter per second. The weight is initially moved to 1 meter from its equilibrium position in the positive direction, and a velocity of 1 meter per second in the positive direction is imparted to it. After that, no external forces are applied to the system.

- (a) Write down the initial value problem corresponding to the system.
- (b) Solve the initial value problem.

*Be sure to arrange your steps in a logical and orderly manner.*

3. Solve the following initial value problem:

$$y'' + 9y = \sin(t) - u_{2\pi}(t) \sin(t - 2\pi); \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 0.$$

(You may use the supplied table of Laplace transforms.)

4. Solve the following initial value problem:

$$y'' + 9y = 1 - \delta(t - 2\pi); \quad y(0) = 0, \quad y'(0) = 0.$$

(You may use the supplied table of Laplace transforms.)

Table 1: Table of Laplace Transforms

TABLE 6.2.1 Elementary Laplace Transforms

$f(t) = \mathcal{L}^{-1}\{F(s)\}$	$F(s) = \mathcal{L}\{f(t)\}$	Notes
1. 1	$\frac{1}{s}, \quad s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Ex. 4
2. $e^{at}$	$\frac{1}{s-a}, \quad s > a$	Sec. 6.1; Ex. 5
3. $t^n, \quad n = \text{positive integer}$	$\frac{n!}{s^{n+1}}, \quad s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 27
4. $t^p, \quad p > -1$	$\frac{\Gamma(p+1)}{s^{p+1}}, \quad s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 27
5. $\sin at$	$\frac{a}{s^2 + a^2}, \quad s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Ex. 6
6. $\cos at$	$\frac{s}{s^2 + a^2}, \quad s > 0$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 6
7. $\sinh at$	$\frac{a}{s^2 - a^2}, \quad s >  a $	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 8
8. $\cosh at$	$\frac{s}{s^2 - a^2}, \quad s >  a $	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 7
9. $e^{at} \sin bt$	$\frac{b}{(s-a)^2 + b^2}, \quad s > a$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 13
10. $e^{at} \cos bt$	$\frac{s-a}{(s-a)^2 + b^2}, \quad s > a$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 14
11. $t^n e^{at}, \quad n = \text{positive integer}$	$\frac{n!}{(s-a)^{n+1}}, \quad s > a$	Sec. 6.1; Prob. 18
12. $u_c(t)$	$\frac{e^{-cs}}{s}, \quad s > 0$	Sec. 6.3
13. $u_c(t)f(t-c)$	$e^{-cs}F(s)$	Sec. 6.3
14. $e^{ct}f(t)$	$F(s-c)$	Sec. 6.3
15. $f(ct)$	$\frac{1}{c}F\left(\frac{s}{c}\right), \quad c > 0$	Sec. 6.3; Prob. 19
16. $\int_0^t f(t-\tau)g(\tau) d\tau$	$F(s)G(s)$	Sec. 6.6
17. $\delta(t-c)$	$e^{-cs}$	Sec. 6.5
18. $f^{(n)}(t)$	$s^n F(s) - s^{n-1}f(0) - \dots - f^{(n-1)}(0)$	Sec. 6.2
19. $(-t)^n f(t)$	$F^{(n)}(s)$	Sec. 6.2; Prob. 28