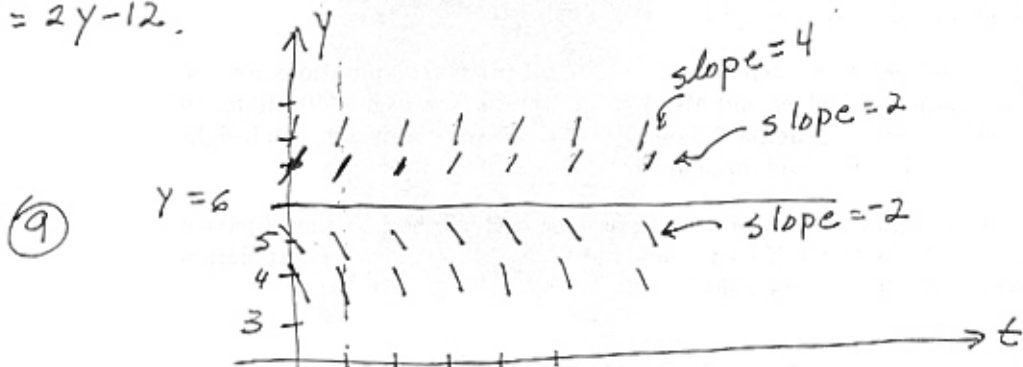


- ① (a) Linear (b) Nonlinear, since the dependent variable is exponentiated.  
 (c) Nonlinear, since the derivative of the dependent variable is squared.  
 (d) linear.

- ② (a) Second order (b) First order  
 (c) Third order (d) First order

③  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 2y - 12.$



(b)  $\int \frac{dy}{2y-12} = \int dt$

$$\begin{aligned} u &= 2y - 12 \\ \frac{du}{2} &= dy \end{aligned}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \int \frac{du}{u} = dt \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2} \ln|u| = t + c \Leftrightarrow u = \tilde{K} e^{2t}$$

$$2y - 12 = \tilde{K} e^{2t} \Rightarrow \boxed{y = 6 + K e^{2t}}$$

(c)  $y(0) = 1 = 6 + K \Rightarrow K = -5 \Rightarrow \boxed{y(t) = 6 - 5e^{2t}}$

(d)  $2y - 12 = 0 \Rightarrow y = 6$ . This is an unstable equilibrium, since  $y' > 0$  for  $y > 6$  and  $y' < 0$  for  $y < 6$ .