

$$(1) \quad y = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n, \quad xy' = x \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^{n-1} = \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^n$$

$$(x+1)y = x \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^{n+1} + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$$

$$= \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_{n-1} x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n$$

$$y'' = \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2} x^n$$

Thus, $y'' + xy' + (x+1)y =$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n x^n + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_{n-1} x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n x^n + \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2} x^n$$

$$= \cancel{a_1 x} + \cancel{a_2 x^2} + a_0 + \cancel{2a_2 x} + \sum_{n=2}^{\infty} [n a_n + a_{n-1} + a_n + (n+2)(n+1) a_{n+2}] x^n = 0$$

Thus: $(n=0) \quad a_0 + 2a_2 = 0 \Rightarrow a_2 = -\frac{1}{2} a_0$

$n \geq 1: \quad a_{n+2} = -\frac{1}{(n+2)(n+1)} [(n+1)a_n + a_{n-1}]$

$a_0 = 1, a_1 = 0, (n=0) \quad a_2 = -\frac{1}{2}$

$(n=1) \quad a_3 = -\frac{1}{6} [2a_1 + a_0] = -\frac{1}{6} = a_3$

$(n=2) \quad a_4 = -\frac{1}{12} [3a_2 + a_1] = -\frac{1}{12} \left[-\frac{3}{2}\right] = \frac{1}{8} = a_4$

$(n=3) \quad a_5 = -\frac{1}{20} [4a_3 + a_2] = -\frac{1}{20} \left[-\frac{4}{6} - \frac{1}{2}\right] = -\frac{1}{20} \left[-\frac{7}{6}\right] = \frac{7}{120}$

Thus, $y(x) \approx 1 - \frac{1}{2}x^2 - \frac{1}{6}x^3 + \frac{1}{8}x^4 + \frac{7}{120}x^5$

(2) Problem 2 can be transformed to problem 1 with the substitution $t = x+1$. Thus, the required polynomial is:

$$y(x) \approx 1 - \frac{1}{2}(x-1)^2 - \frac{1}{6}(x-1)^3 + \frac{1}{8}(x-1)^4 - \frac{7}{120}(x-1)^5$$